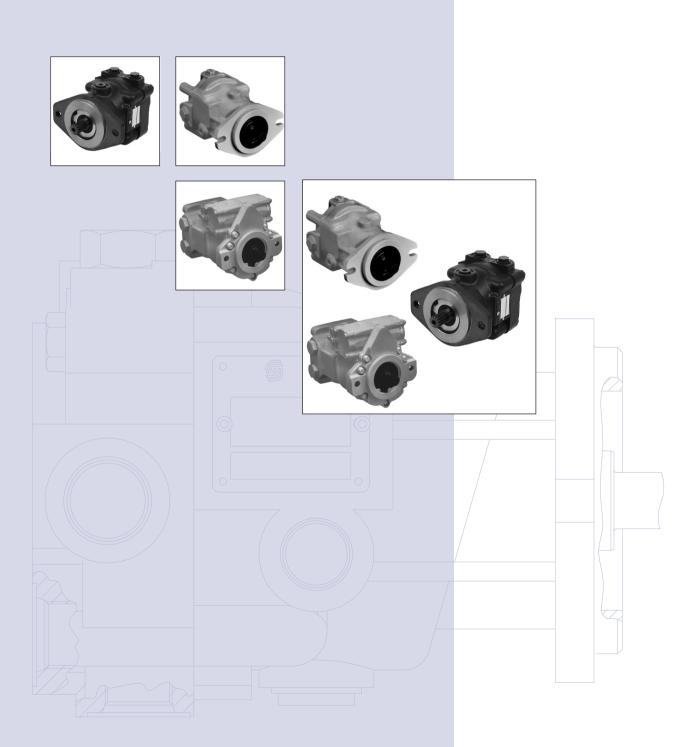


Series 40 Axial Piston Motors

Technical Information





Series 40 Axial Piston Motors

Revisions

REVISIONS

Table of Revisions

Date	Page	Changed	Rev.
April 2011	34,36	correct system pressure gauge port 7/16-20	FE
August 2010	last	new back page	FD
March 2010	various	minor edits	FC
November 2007	31	correction to maximum torque rating 15 and 19 tooth	FB
April 2007	29	Revised dimensions for straight keyed shaft	FA
September-2006	21-22	Corrections in model code examples	F
September-2005		Major Revision	E

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SAUER Series 40 Axiai Piston in Technical Information Series 40 Axial Piston Motors General description

BASIC DESIGN

Series 40 is a family of hydrostatic pumps and motors for medium power applications with maximum loads of 345 bar [5000 psi]. These pumps and motors can be applied together or combined with other products in a system to transfer and control hydraulic power.

Series 40 transmissions (pump plus motor) provide an infinitely variable speed range between zero and maximum in both forward and reverse modes of operation. The pumps and motors each come in four frame sizes: M25, M35, M44, and M46.

Series 40 pumps are compact, high power density units. All models use the parallel axial piston / slipper concept in conjunction with a tiltable swashplate to vary the pump's displacement. Reversing the angle of the swashplate reverses the flow of fluid from the pump, reversing the direction of rotation of the motor output.

Series 40 M35, M44, and M46 pumps may include an integral charge pump to provide system replenishing and cooling fluid flow, as well as servo control fluid flow on M46 pumps. M25 pumps are designed to receive charge flow from an auxiliary circuit or from a gear pump mounted on the auxiliary mounting pad. Series 40 pumps feature a range of auxiliary mounting pads to accept auxiliary hydraulic pumps for use in complementary hydraulic systems.

Series 40 M46 pumps offer proportional controls with either manual, hydraulic, or electronic actuation. An electric three-position control is also available. The M25, M35, and M44 pumps include a trunnion style direct displacement control.

Series 40 motors also use the parallel axial piston / slipper design in conjunction with a fixed or tiltable swashplate. The family includes M25, M35, M44 fixed motor units and M35, M44, M46 variable motor units.

The M35 and M44 variable motors feature a trunnion style swashplate and direct displacement control. The M46 variable motors use a cradle swashplate design and a two-position hydraulic servo control.



Series 40 Axial Piston Technical Information Series 40 Axial Piston Motors General description

KEY FEATURES

- 3 sizes of variable displacement motors
- 3 sizes of fixed displacement motors
- Efficient axial piston design
- Complete family of control systems
- Proven reliability and performance
- Compact, lightweight
- Worldwide sales and service



Piston

Series 40 Axial Piston Motors

General description

CROSS SECTIONS

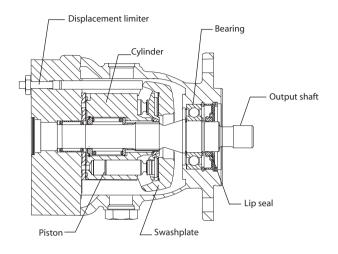
Cylinder block

M25 fixed motor (MF)

Output shaft-

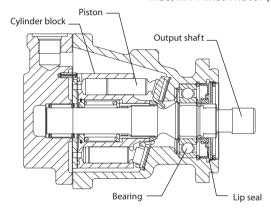


M35/M44 variable motor (MV)



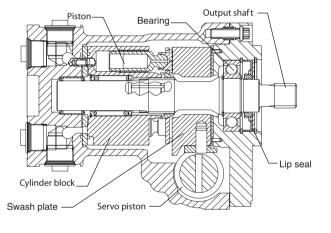
M35/M44 fixed motor (MF)

Lip seal



Bearing

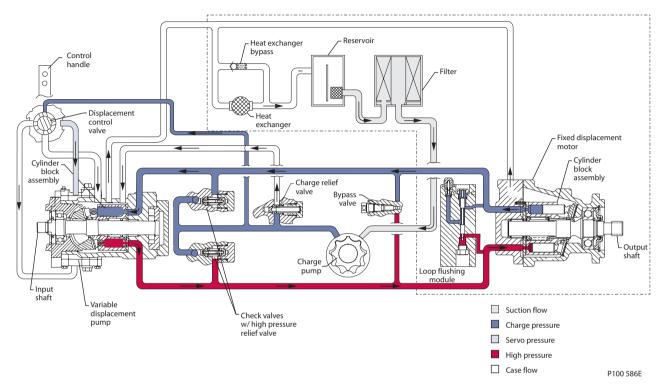
M46 variable motor (MV) (SAE flange)





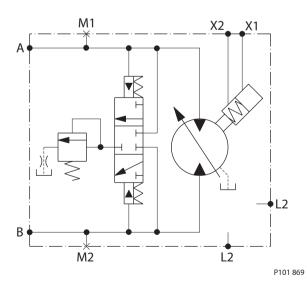
General description

SYSTEM CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



A Series 40 M35 fixed motor is shown in a hydraulic circuit with a Series 40 M46 variable pump. A loop flushing module is included on the motor. The circuit features suction filtration and heat exchanger.

M46 MOTOR SCHEMATIC



The system ports (A and B) connect to the high pressure work lines. The motor receives pressurized fluid in its inlet port and discharges de-energized fluid through the outlet port. Either port can act as inlet or outlet; flow is bidirectional. System port pressure is gauged through ports M1 and M2. The motor has two case drains (L1 and L2). The motor may include loop flushing. Loop flushing provides additional cooling and filtration capacity.



Series 40 Axial Piston Motors SAUER Series 40 Axial Piston I Technical Information **Technical Specifications**

OVERVIEW

Specifications and operating parameters are shown below. Not all hardware options are available for all configurations. For additional information, see *Operating parameters*, page 14, System design parameters, page 17, Product coding, page 21, Features and options, page 23 and Control options, page 32.

GENERAL

FEATURES AND OPTIONS

Model	M25 MF	M35 MF	M44 MF	M35 MV	M44 MV	M46 MV
Type of mounting	SAE B	SAE B	SAE B	SAE B	SAE B	SAE B or
Port connections	Twin, Axial	Side, Twin, Axial	Side, Twin, Axial	Twin	Twin	Side, Twin, Axial
Output shaft options	Splined Tapered	Splined Tapered Straight Key	Splined Tapered Straight Key	Splined	Splined	Splined Tapered
Control options	-	-	-	DDC	DDC	Hyd. 2-pos.
Loop flushing	Option	Option	Option	Option	Option	Option
Displacement limiters	-	-	-	Option	Option	Option
Speed sensors	Option	Option	Option	1	-	Option

SPECIFICATIONS

Model	Unit	M25MF	M35 MF	M44 MF	M35MV	M44MV	M46 MV
Model configuration		Fixed	Fixed	Fixed	Variable	Variable	Variable
Type of mounting		SAE B					
Displacement	cm³/rev [in³/rev]	25 [1.50]	35 [2.14]	44 [2.65]	35 [2.14]	44 [2.65]	46 [2.80]
Weight	kg [lbf]	11 [26]	11 [26]	11 [26]	21 [47]	21 [47]	23 [51]
Mass moment of inertia	kg•m²	0.0018	0.0033	0.0032	0.0033	0.0032	0.0050
	[slug•ft²]	[0.0013]	[0.0024]	[0.0023]	[0.0024]	[0.0023]	[0.0037]



Technical Specifications

OPERATING PARAMETERS

Model	M25 MF	M35 MF	M44 MF	M35 MV	M44 MV	M46 MV
Case pressure bar [psi]						
Continuous	1.7 [25]					
Maximum			5.2	[75]		
Speed limits min ⁻¹ [rpm]						
Rated @ max disp.	4000	3600	3300	3600	3300	4000
Maximum @ max. disp.	5000	4500	4100	4500	4100	4100
Rated @ min. disp.	-	-	-	4200	3900	4500
Maximum @ min. disp.	-	-	-	5300	4850	5000
System pressure bar [psi]						
Continuous	210 [3000]					
Maximum	345 [5000]					

FLUID SPECIFICATIONS

Ratings and data are based on operation with premium petroleum-based hydraulic fluids containing oxidation, rust, and foam inhibitors.

Parameter	Unit	Minimum	Continuous	Maximum	
Viscosity	mm/sec (cSt)	7	12-60	1600	
	[SUS]	[47]	[70-278]	[7500]	
Temperature	°C [°F]	-40 [-40]	82 [180]	104 [220]	
Cleanliness		ISO 4406 Class 18/13 or better			
Filtration efficiency suction filtration		$\beta_{35.44}$ =75 ($\beta_{10} \ge 1.5$)			
	charge filtration		β_{15-20} =75 (β_{10} \geq 10)		

HYDRAULIC UNIT LIFE

Hydraulic unit life is the life expectancy of the hydraulic components. Hydraulic unit life is a function of speed and system pressure; however, system pressure is the dominant operating variable affecting hydraulic unit life. High pressure, which results from high load, reduces expected life.

It is desirable to have a projected machine duty cycle with percentages of time at various loads and speeds. Sauer-Danfoss calculates appropriate design pressure from this information. This method of selecting operating pressure is recommended whenever duty cycle information is available.



Technical Specifications

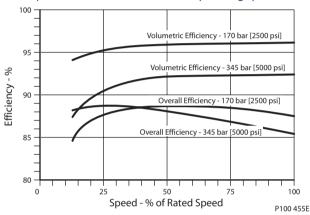
HYDRAULIC UNIT LIFE (continued)

All pressure limits are differential pressures and assume normal charge pressure. Series 40 motors will meet satisfactory life expectancy if applied within the parameters specified in this bulletin. For more detailed information on hydraulic unit life see **BLN-9884** *Pressure and Speed Limits*.

PERFORMANCE

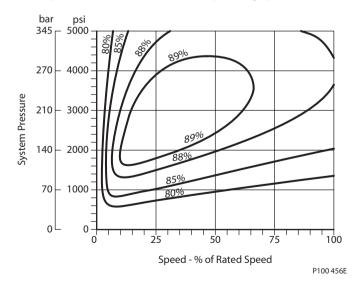
This performance graph provides typical volumetric and overall efficiencies for Series 40 motors. These efficiencies apply for all Series 40 motors at maximum displacement.

Motor performance as a function of operating speed



The performance map provides typical motor overall efficiencies at various operating parameters. These efficiencies apply for all Series 40 motors at maximum displacement.

Motor performance as a function of operating speed





Series 40 Axial Piston Motors DANFOSS Denies 40 Aniai i iscon. Technical Information **Technical Specifications**

BEARING LIFE AND EXTERNAL SHAFT LOADING

Bearing life is a function of speed, pressure and swashplate angle, plus any external loads. Other life factors include oil type and viscosity.

In vehicle propulsion drives with no external loads, where the speed, pressure, and swashplate angle are often changing, normal bearing β_{10} (90% survival) life will exceed the hydraulic unit life.

In non-propel drives, such as conveyors or fan drives, the operating speed and pressure may be nearly constant leading to a distinctive duty cycle compared to that of a propulsion drive. In propel applications, Sauer-Danfoss recommends a bearing life review.

Series 40 motors are designed with bearings that can accept some incidental external radial and thrust loads. However, any amount of external load will reduce the expected bearing life.

The allowable radial shaft loads are a function of the load position, the load orientation, and the operating pressures of the hydraulic unit. All external shaft loads have an effect on bearing life. In motor applications where external shaft loads cannot be avoided, the impact on bearing life can be minimized by orienting the load to the 180 degree position (see *Direction of external shaft load*, next page).

The recommended maximum radial load (R₂) is based on an external moment (M₂) and the distance (L) from the mounting flange to the load, (see table at below). The loads in the table reflect a worst case external load orientation (0 degrees), a continuously applied working pressure of 140 bar (2000 psi), 20 bar (285 psi) charge pressure, 1800 min⁻¹(rpm), and a bearing life (β_{10}) of 2000 hours. Avoid thrust loads in either direction.

The recommended maximum allowable radial load is calculated as: $R_e = M_e / L$

If continuously applied external radial loads exceed the recommended maximum allowable, or thrust loads are known to occur, contact Sauer-Danfoss for an evaluation of unit bearing life. Optional high capacity bearings are available.

Tapered output shafts or clamp-type couplings are recommended for applications where radial shaft side loads are present.

Shaft loading parameters

R _e	Maximum radial side load
M _e	Maximum external moment
L	Distance from mounting flange to point of load
F _B	Force of block (applies at center of gravity)
Т	Thrust load

Recommended maximum external shaft moments

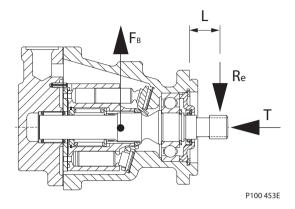
	M25	M35/44	M46
M _e N•m [lbf•in]	29 [255]	25 [225]	24 [215]



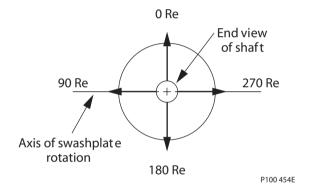
Technical Specifications

BEARING LIFE AND EXTERNAL SHAFT LOADING (continued)

External shaft loads



Direction of external shaft load





Series 40 Axial Piston Motors SAUER Series 40 Axiai i istorii DANFOSS Technical Information Operating parameters

FLUIDS

Ratings and performance data are based on operating with premium hydraulic fluids containing oxidation, rust, and foam inhibitors. These include premium turbine oils, API CD engine oils per SAE J183, M2C33F or G automatic transmission fluids (ATF), Dexron[™] II (ATF) meeting Allison[™] C-3 or Caterpillar[™] T0-2 requirements, and certain specialty agricultural tractor fluids. For more information on hydraulic fluid selection, see Sauer-Danfoss publications: **520L0463**, Hydraulic Fluids and Lubricants, Technical Information, and **520L465**, Experience with Biodegradable Hydraulic Fluids, Technical Information.

VISCOSITY

Maintain fluid viscosity within the continuous range for maximum efficiency and bearing life. Minimum viscosity should only occur during brief occasions of maximum ambient temperature and severe duty cycle operation. Maximum viscosity should only occur at cold start: Limit speeds until the system warms up. See Sauer-Danfoss publication: 520L0463, Hydraulic Fluids and Lubricants, Technical Information

Fluid viscosity limits

Condition	mm²/s (cSt)	SUS	
Minimum	7	47	
Continuous	12-60	70-278	
Maximum	1600	7500	

TEMPERATURE

Maintain fluid temperature within the limits shown in the table. Minimum temperature relates to the physical properties of the component materials. Cold oil will not affect the durability of the motor components. However, it may affect the ability of the motor to transmit

Temperature limits

Minimum (intermittent, cold start)	- 40° C [- 40° F]
Continuous	82.2° C [180° F]
Maximum	104.4° C [220° F]

power, Maximum temperature is based on material properties. Don't exceed it. Measure maximum temperature at the hottest point in the system. This is usually the case drain.

Ensure fluid temperature and viscosity limits are concurrently satisfied.

CASE PRESSURE

Maintain case pressure within the limits shown in the table. Ensure housing is kept filled with hydraulic fluid.

Case pressure limits

Maximum (continuous)	1.7 bar [25 psi]
Intermittent (cold start)	5.2 bar [75 psi]

• Caution

Operating outside of case pressure limits will damage the motor. To minimize this risk, use full size inlet and case drain plumbing, and limit line lengths.



Series 40 Axial Piston Motors SAUER Series 40 Axial Piston I DANFOSS Technical Information Operating parameters

PRESSURE RATINGS

The table, Operating parameters, page 10, gives maximum and continuous pressure ratings for each displacement. Not all displacements operate under the same pressure limits. Definitions of the operating pressure limits appear below.

System pressure is the differential pressure between system ports A and B. It is the dominant operating variable affecting hydraulic unit life. High system pressure, which results from high load, reduces expected life. System pressure must remain at or below continuous working pressure during normal operation to achieve expected life.

Continuous working pressure is the average, regularly occurring operating pressure. Operating at or below this pressure should yield satisfactory product life.

Maximum (peak) working pressure is the highest intermittent pressure allowed. Maximum machine load should never exceed this pressure. For all applications, the load should move below this pressure.

All pressure limits are differential pressures referenced to low loop (charge) pressure. Subtract low loop pressure from gauge readings to compute the differential.

System pressure limits

Pressure Limits	bar	psi
Continuous	210	3000
Maximum	345	5000



SAUER Series 40 Axial Piston In Technical Information Series 40 Axial Piston Motors Operating parameters

SPEED RATINGS

The table, *Operating parameters*, page 10, gives rated and maximum speeds for each displacement. Not all displacements operate under the same speed limits. Definitions of these speed limits appear below.

Rated speed is the maximum recommended operating speed at full power condition. Operating at or below this speed should yield satisfactory product life. In vehicle propel applications, maximum motor speed during unloaded, on-road travel over level ground should not exceed this limit.

Maximum speed is the highest operating speed permitted. Exceeding maximum speed reduces motor life and can cause loss of hydrostatic power and braking capacity. Never exceed the maximum speed limit under any operating conditions.

▲ Warning

Unintended vehicle or machine movement hazard.

The loss of hydrostatic drive line power, in any mode of operation (forward, neutral, or reverse) may cause the system to lose hydrostatic braking capacity. You must provide a braking system, redundant to the hydrostatic transmission, sufficient to stop and hold the vehicle or machine in the event of hydrostatic drive power loss.

Speed limits

Limit min ⁻¹ (rpm)	M25 MF	M35 MF	M44 MF	M35 MV	M44 MV	M46 MV
Rated at max. displ	4000	3600	3300	3600	3300	4000
Maximum at max. displ	5000	4500	4100	4500	4100	4100
Rated at min. displ	-	-	-	4200	3900	4500
Maximum at min. displ	-	-	-	5300	4850	5000



SAUER Series 40 Axial Piston In Technical Information **Series 40 Axial Piston Motors**

System design parameters

SIZING EQUATIONS

Use the following equations to compute output power, torque, speed, and input flow. Selecting the right motor starts with an evaluation of system requirements such as speed and torque. Select a motor that will transmit the required torque, then select a pump that will meet the flow and pressure requirements of the motor. For more information on hydrostatic drive selection, refer to Sauer-Danfoss applications quideline **BLN-9885**, Selection of Drive Line Components.

Based on SI units

Based on US units

Flow Input flow Q =
$$\frac{V_g \cdot n}{1000 \cdot \eta_v}$$
 (I/min) Input flow Q = $\frac{V_g \cdot n}{231 \cdot n_v}$ (US gal/min)

Torque Output torque M =
$$\frac{V_{_{9}} \cdot \Delta p \cdot \eta_{_{m}}}{20 \cdot \pi}$$
 (N·m) Output torque M = $\frac{V_{_{9}} \cdot \Delta p \cdot \eta_{_{m}}}{2 \cdot \pi}$ (lbf·in)

Power Output power P =
$$\frac{Q \cdot \Delta p \cdot \eta_t}{600}$$
 (kW) Output power P = $\frac{Q \cdot \Delta p \cdot \eta_t}{1714}$ (hp)

Variables SI units [US units]

Displacement per revolution cm³/rev [in³/rev]

 $p_0 = Outlet pressure$ bar [psi] p_i = Inlet pressure bar [psi] $\Delta p = p_o - p_i$ (system pressure) bar [psi] n = Speed min⁻¹ (rpm)

 $\eta_v = Volumetric efficiency$ η_m = Mechanical efficiency $\eta_t = \text{Overall efficiency } (\eta_v \cdot \eta_m)$



Series 40 Axial Piston Motors SAUER Series 40 Axiai Piston in Technical Information

System design parameters

FILTRATION

To prevent damage to the system, including premature wear, fluid entering the motor must be free of contaminants. Series 40 motors require system filtration capable of maintaining fluid cleanliness at ISO 4406-1999 class 22/18/13 or better.

Consider these factors when selecting a system filter:

- Cleanliness specifications
- Contaminant ingression rates
- Flow capacity
- Desired maintenance interval

The filter may be located either on the inlet (suction filtration) or discharge (charge pressure filtration) side of the charge pump. Series 40 pumps are available with provisions for either suction or charge pressure filtration to filter the fluid entering the charge circuit (see next page).

Typically, a filter with a beta ratio of $\beta_{10} = 1.5$ to 2.0 is adequate. However, open circuit systems supplied from a common reservoir may have considerably higher requirements. Because each system is unique, only a thorough testing and evaluation program can fully validate the filtration system. For more information, see Sauer-Danfoss publication **520L0467**, Design Guidelines for Hydraulic Fluid Cleanliness.

BYPASS VALVE

In some applications it is desirable to bypass fluid around the variable displacement pump, for example; to allow a vehicle to move short distances at low speeds without running the prime mover. This is done by opening a manually operated bypass valve. This valve connects both sides of the pump/motor circuit and allows the motor to turn. During normal operation, this valve must be fully closed.

Bypass valves are available in Series 40 pumps. See Sauer-Danfoss publication: **520L0635**, Series 40 Pumps Technical Information.

Bypass valves are intended for moving a machine or vehicle for very short distances at very slow speeds. They are NOT intended as tow valves.



System design parameters

LOOP FLUSHING VALVE

Series 40 motors may incorporate an integral loop flushing valve. Installations that require additional fluid to be removed from the main hydraulic circuit because of fluid cooling or cleanliness requirements, will benefit from loop flushing. A loop flushing valve will remove heat and contaminants from the main loop at a rate faster than otherwise possible. Contact your Sauer-Danfoss representative for production availability on specific frame size motors.

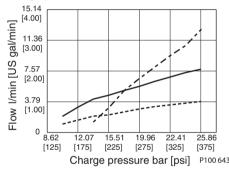
Series 40 loop flushing valves include a loop flushing relief valve with integral orifice. The flushing flow is a function of the pump charge relief valve, and the orifice size.

Loop flushing flows of 3 to 7 l/min [0.75 to 2 US gal/min] are adequate for most applications. Contact your Sauer-Danfoss representative for assistance.

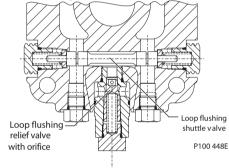
▲ WARNING

Incorrect charge pressure settings may result in the inability to build required system pressure and/or inadequate loop flushing flows. Maintain correct charge pressure under all conditions.

Typical loop flushing flow as a function of charge pressure



Loop flushing valve





Series 40 Axial Piston Motors Technical Information System design parameters

REDUNDANT BRAKING SYSTEM REQUIREMENT

▲ Warning

Unintended vehicle or machine movement hazard.

The loss of hydrostatic drive line power, in any mode of operation (forward, neutral, or reverse) may cause the system to lose hydrostatic braking capacity. You must provide a braking system, redundant to the hydrostatic transmission, sufficient to stop and hold the vehicle or machine in the event of hydrostatic drive power loss.

RESERVOIR

The reservoir provides clean fluid, dissipates heat, and removes entrained air from the hydraulic fluid. It allows for fluid volume changes associated with fluid expansion and cylinder differential volumes. Minimum reservoir capacity depends on the volume needed to perform these functions. Typically, a capacity of one half the charge pump flow (per minute) is satisfactory for a closed reservoir. Open circuit systems sharing a common reservoir will require greater fluid capacity.

Locate the reservoir outlet (suction line) near the bottom, allowing clearance for settling foreign particles. Use a 100 - 125 μ m screen covering the outlet port. Place the reservoir inlet (return lines) below the lowest expected fluid level, as far away from the outlet as possible. Use a baffle (or baffles) between the reservoir inlet and outlet ports to reduce aeration and fluid surging.

OVERPRESSURE PROTECTION

Series 40 motors (as well as other system components) have pressure limits. Relief valves or pressure limiters should be present in the high pressure circuit to protect components from excessive pressures.

Caution

High pressure relief valves are intended for transient overpressure protection and are not intended for continuous pressure control. Operation over relief valves for extended periods of time may result in severe heat build up. High flows over relief valves may result in pressure levels exceeding the nominal valve setting and potential damage to system components.



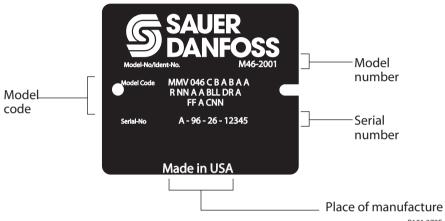
Series 40 Axial Piston Motors **Technical Information Product coding**

REVISED MODEL CODE

The model code is a modular description of a specific product and its options. To create an order code to include the specific options desired, see the Series 40 Motor Model Code Supplement or the Series 40 Price Book.

NAME PLATE

Name plate



P101 372E

MODEL CODE MODULES Fixed motor



P104 427E

- Seal group
- **D** Output shaft/through shaft configuration
- **E** Endcap configuration
- F Cylinder block group
- **G** Housing configuration
- Т Special hardware features
- Special features (non-hardware) *** = None



SAUER Series 40 Axiai riscon. Technical Information Series 40 Axial Piston Motors **Product coding**

MODEL CODE MODULES (continued)

Variable motor



P104 427E

- **C** Seal group
- **D** Output shaft/through shaft configuration
- **E** Endcap configuration
- **F** Control features
- **G** Housing configuration
- T Special hardware features
- **Z** Special features (non-hardware) *** = None



Series 40 Axial Piston Motors Technical Information Features and options

DISPLACEMENT LIMITERS

▲ WARNING Undesirable output speed hazard.

Take care adjusting displacement limiters. Too low of a minimum displacement setting can result in higher than expected output speed. Retorque the sealing locknut after every adjustment to prevent an unexpected changes and to prevent external leakage.

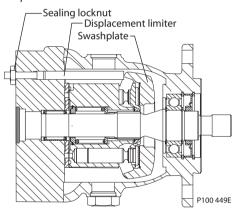
M35, M44, and M46 variable motors have **minimum displacement limiters.** Minimum unit displacement is obtained with the adjuster screw at its maximum extension from the end cap or displacement control piston cover. All motors are shipped with the displacement limiter set for minimum motor displacement.

The M35 and M44 MV minimum displacement limiter is located in the end cap. The M46 MV minimum displacement limiter is located in the displacement control piston cavity. The length and configuration of this limiter will depend upon the control option installed in the motor.

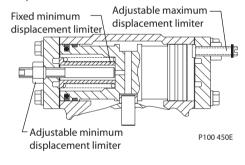
M46 MV units may have an optional mechanical **maximum displacement limiter** located in the displacement control piston cover. The maximum displacement limit can be adjusted by loosening the sealing lock nut, adjusting displacement by rotating the screw with a screwdriver, then locking the adjuster by torquing the sealing lock nut.

Maximum unit displacement is obtained with the adjuster screw standing at its maximum height out of the displacement control piston cover. All motors are shipped with the limiter set for maximum motor displacement.

Displacement limiter M35/M44 MV



Displacement limiter M46 MV





Features and options

SPEED SENSOR OPTION

Series 40 motors are available with a speed sensor option for direct measurement of motor output speed. You can use this sensor may to sense the direction and speed of motor rotation.

A special magnetic speed ring is pressed onto the outside diameter of the cylinder block. A hall effect pulse pickup is located in the motor housing. The sensor accepts supply voltage and outputs a digital pulse signal in response to the speed of the ring. The output changes its high/low state as the north and south poles of the permanently magnetized speed ring pass by the face of the sensor. The digital signal is generated at frequencies suitable for microprocessor based controls.

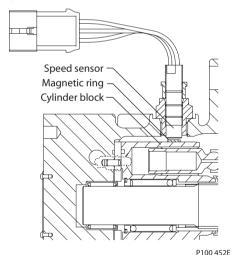
This sensor will operate with a supply voltage of 4.5 to 15 Vdc, and requires a current of 12 mA at 5.0 Vdc (minimum) under no load. Maximum operating current is 20 mA at 5 Vdc (maximum). Maximum operating frequency is 15 kHz. Output voltage in High State (VOH) is sensor supply voltage minus 0.5 Vdc, minimum. Output voltage in Low State (VOL) is 0.5 Vdc, maximum. The sensor is available with a Packard Weather-Pack or 4-pin sealed connector.

Contact your Sauer-Danfoss representative for production availability on specific motor frame sizes, or for special speed sensor options.

Speed sensor specifications

Supply voltage	4.5 - 15 Vdc				
Required current	12 mA @ 5 Vdc (no load)				
Maximum current	20 mA @ 5Vdc				
Maximum frequency	15 kHz				
VOH	Supply Vdc - 0.5 Vdc				
VOL	0.5 Vdc maximum				
Magnetic ring Pulses/revolution	M25 M35 M44 M46 43 46 46 51				
Connector	Packard Weather-Pack [™] 3- pin, 4-pin				

Speed sensor cross section

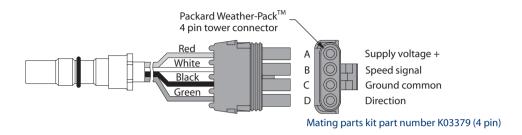




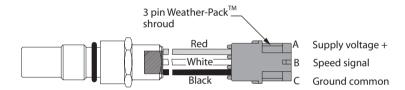
Series 40 Axial Piston Motors Technical Information Features and options

PULSE PICKUP AND CONNECTOR

Speed sensor with directional signal



Speed sensor without directional signal



Mating parts kit part number K20582 (3 pin)



SAUER Series 40 Axiai Fistoria Technical Information Series 40 Axial Piston Motors

Features and options

SHAFT OPTIONS

Series 40 motors are available with a variety of splined, straight keyed, and tapered shaft ends. Nominal shaft sizes and torque ratings for some available shafts are shown in the accompanying table. Other shaft options may exist. Contact your Sauer-Danfoss representative for availability.

Torque ratings assume no external radial loading. **Continuous torque** ratings for splined shafts are based on spline tooth wear, and assume the mating spline has a minimum hardness of R_c 55 to full spline depth and coupling has good lubrication.

Maximum torque ratings are based on shaft torsional strength and assume a maximum of 200,000 load reversals.

Shaft availability and torque ratings

N•m [lbf•in]		M25 MF	M35 MF	M44 MF	M35 MV	M44 MV	M46 MV
Spline	Continuous	80 [750]	73 [650]	73 [650]	73 [650]	73 [650]	73 [650]
13-tooth, 16/32 pitch	Max	140 [1240]	226 [2000]	226 [2000]	226 [2000]	226 [2000]	226 [2000]
Spline	Continuous	-	153 [1350]	153 [1350]	153 [1350]	153 [1350]	153 [1350]
15-tooth, 16/32 pitch	Max	-	362 [3200]	362 [3200]	362 [3200]	362 [3200]	362 [3200]
Spline	Continuous	-	-	-	-	-	194 [1710]
19-tooth 16/32 pitch	Max	-	-	-	-	-	460 [4070]
Tapered 1.00 inch	Max	140 [1240]	497 [4400]	497 [4400]	-	-	497 [4400]
Straight							
keyed 0.875 inch	Max	-	226 [2000]	226 [2000]	-	-	-

Recommended mating splines for Series 40 splined output shafts should be in accordance with ANSI B92.1 Class 5. Sauer-Danfoss external splines are modified Class 5 Fillet Root Side Fit. The external spline Major Diameter and Circular Tooth Thickness dimensions are reduced in order to assure a clearance fit with the mating spline.

THROUGH-SHAFT OPTIONS

Optional through-shafts are available on Series 40 fixed and variable displacement motors (as noted in the accompanying table). Through-shafts are provided for use in secondary (parking) braking systems. Through-shaft ends are not intended for continuous power transmission.

Through-shaft availability and torque limitations

Frame size	Shaft spline	Max. torque limit
		N•m [lbf•in]
M35 MF	13T 16/32 P	328 [2900]
M44 MF	13T 16/32 P	328 [2900]
M46 MV(SAE)	13T 16/32 P	328 [2900]

▲ WARNING

Potential loss of braking capacity.

Exceeding these torque limits could cause shaft breakage. Ensure your application never exceeds maximum torque limits under any operating conditions.



M25 MF

		Torque rating		
		Maximum torque rating	Continuous torque rating	
Code	Description	N•m [lbf•in]	N•m [lbf•in]	Drawing
E	13-tooth 16/32 pitch (ANSI B92.1 1970 - Class 5)	140 [1240]	80 [750]	Coupling must not protrude beyond this surface 33.32 max. [1.312] 16.5 [0.65] Full spline 18.8 max. [0.74] 20.638 [0.8125] pitch dia. 30° pressure angle 13 teeth, 16/32 pitch fillet root side fit per ANSI 892.1 class 5 also mates with [0.8550] 7.9 [0.31]
N	Ø 25.4 mm [1.000 in] 1:8 taper	140 [1240]	_	Mounting flange (ref.) 42.8 [1.68] 33.3 Gauge dim. [1.311] Coupling must not protrude beyond 25.4 max. [1.000] 25.4 max. [1.000] 27 [1.06] 6.30 x 22.22 dia. Woodruff key [0.248x0.875] 0.25 [0.01] min. R on edges 22.22 Gauge dia. [0.875] 0.750-16 UNF-2A thd. 38.1 [1.500] taper per foot per SAE J5001 25.4 [1.000] nominal shaft dia. P104 429E



M35/44 MF

		Torque rating		
Code	Description	Maximum torque rating N•m [lbf•in]	Continuous torque rating N•m [lbf•in]	Drawing
A, C	Splined output shaft (see table)	13 tooth 226 [2000]	13 tooth 73 [650]	7.65 [0.301] Coupling must not protrude beyond this surface Mounting Weitch dia
F		15 tooth 362 [3200]	15 tooth 153 [1350]	flange (ref.) V dia. V dia. V dia. T dia.
				P104 430E

M35 / M44 MF splined shaft option

Shaft option	Shaft length S	Shaft diameter	Full spline U	Major dia. V	Pitch dia. W	No. teeth Y	Pitch Z	Thru shaft
А	33.55 [1.321]	18.8 [0.74]	16.5 [0.65]	21.72 [0.8550]	20.638 [0.8125]	13	16/32	
С	33.55 [1.321]	18.8 [0.74]	16.5 [0.65]	21.72 [0.8550]	20.638	13	16/32	13T
F	33.55 [1.321]	21.98 [0.865]	18.5 [0.73]	24.89 [0.9800]	23.812 [0.9375]	15	16/32	



M35/44 MF (CONTINUED)

		Torque	rating	
Code	Description	Maximum torque rating N•m [lbf•in]	Continuous torque rating N•m [lbf•in]	
N	Ø 25.4 mm [1.000 in] 1:8 taper	497 [4400]		Mounting flange (ref.) 42.8 [1.68] 33.3 gauge dim. [1.311] Coupling must not protrude beyond protrude beyond [0.248 x 0.875] 0.25 [0.01] min. R on edges 27 [1.06] 6.30 x 22.22 dia. Woodruff key [0.248 x 0.875] 0.25 [0.01] min. R on edges 22.22 gauge dia. [0.875] 0.750-16 UNF-2A thd. 38.1 [1.500] taper per foot per SAE J501 25.4 [1.000] nominal shaft dia. P104 431E
Υ	Ø 22.2 mm [0.874 in] straight keyed	226 [2000]	_	Coupling must not protrude beyond this surface Mounting flange (ref.) 7.65 [0.301] 6.35 [0.250] sq. key 38.1 [1.500] long 0.38 [0.015] min. R on edges 2.84 max. [0.112] 64.74 ±0.025 [2.549] ±0.64 22.2 dia. ± 0.03 [0.874 ± 0.001]



M35/44 MV

		Torque rating		
Code	Description	Maximum torque rating N·m [lbf•in]	Continuous torque rating N•m [lbf•in]	Drawing
A	Splined output shaft (see table)	73 [650]	226 [2000]	Coupling must not protrude beyond this surface 7.87 [0.310] W pitch dia. 30° pressure angle Y teeth, 16/32 pitch fillet root side fit per ANSI 892.1 class no. 5 also mates with flat root side fit Mounting flange (ref.) P104 433E

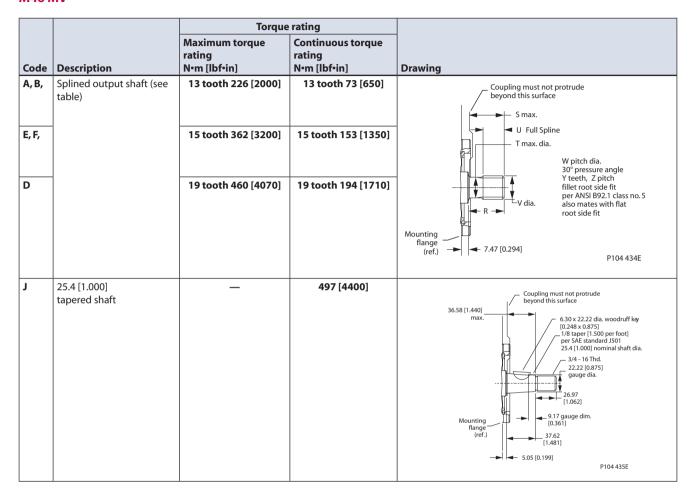
M35 / M44 MV splined shaft option

Shaft option	Max. coupling engagement S	Shaft diameter T	Full spline length U	Major dia. V	Pitch dia. W	No. teeth Y	Pitch	Thru shaft
Α	33.3 [1.31]	18.8 [0.74]	16.5 [0.65]	21.72	20.638	13	16/32	
A	33.3[1.31]	10.0 [0.74]	[0.03]	[0.855]	[0.8125]	13	10/32	

520L0636 • Rev FE • April 2011



M46 MV



M46 MV splined shaft option

		Max.								
	Shaft	coupling	Shaft	Full			No.			
Shaft	extension	engagement	diameter	spline length	Major dia.	Pitch dia.	teeth	Pitch	Thru	
option	R	S	Т	U	V	W	Υ	Z	shaft	
A	32.94	32	19.1	15.8	21.72	20.638	13	16/32		
_ A	[1.297]	[1.26]	[0.75]	[0.62]	[0.855]	[0.8125]	13	10/32		
В	32.94	32	19.1	15.8	21.72	20.628	13	16/32	13T	
D	[1.297]	[1.26]	[0.75]	[0.62]	[0.855]	[0.8125]		13	13	10/32
E	37.72	36.6	22.3	22.86	24.89	23.812	15	16/32		
-	[1.485]	[1.44]	[88.0]	[0.90]	[0.980]	[0.9375]	15	10/32		
F	37.72	36.6	22.3	22.86	24.89	23.812	15	16/32	13T	
「	[1.485]	[1.44]	[88.0]	[0.90]	[0.980]	[0.9375]	15	10/32	131	
D	37.72	36.6	28.4	22.35	31.24	30.162	10	16/22		
	[1.485]	[1.44]	[1.114]	[0.88]	[1.230]	[1.1875]	19	16/32		



SAUER Series 40 AMM. Res Technical Information Series 40 Axial Piston Motors **Control options**

DIRECT DISPLACEMENT CONTROL (DDC)

The direct displacement control is available on either side of the M35 and M44 variable motors. It provides a simple, positive method of displacement control. Movement of the control shaft causes a proportional swashplate movement, thus varying the motor's displacement from full to minimum displacement.

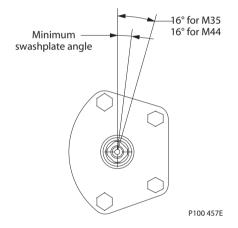
▲ WARNING Unintended vehicle movement hazard.

Internal forces may not return the swashplate to the neutral position under all operating conditions. Neutral position is not factory set, nor is there any internal neutral return mechanism. The application must include provisions for all control linkage and neutral return functionality.

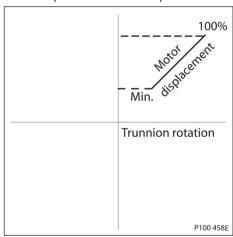
External Control Handle Requirements

Maximum allowable trunnion torque is 79.1 N·m [700 lbf·in]. Minimum torque necessary to hold the swashplate per 70 bar of differential system pressure is 11.3 N·m [100 lbf·in]. Maximum trunnion angle is 16° for M35 and M44.

DDC on left side of M35 motor



Motor displacement vs swashplate rotation



DDC input specifications

<u> </u>	
Max.torque N·m [lbf·in]	79.1 [700]
Min. torque to hold (per 70 bar	
[1000 psi] system pressure)	11.3 [100]
N•m [lbf•in]	
Max. angle	16°



Series 40 Axial Piston Motors Technical Information Control options

TWO-POSITION HYDRAULIC CONTROL

Series 40 M46 variable displacement motors are equipped with a hydraulically controlled swashplate. The motor is spring biased toward maximum displacement. A hydraulic piston is used to shift the swashplate from maximum to minimum displacement. A single or two-line control can regulate the servo piston.

With the standard single-line control option, hydraulic pressure is supplied to the control port (X1) to shift the motor to minimum displacement. The opposite end of the displacement control piston internally drains to the motor case. The swashplate shifts with a minimum pressure of 13.8 bar [200 psi]. The bias spring returns the motor to maximum displacement when control pressure is removed.

The single-line control generally uses a customer supplied 2-position, 3-way control valve. Hydraulic pressure on the control piston must not exceed 27.6 bar [400 psi].

In applications which encounter frequent shifting on-the-go as part of the normal duty cycle, we recommend the optional two-line control. Applications with routine shifting from work range to travel range may not require the two-line control. to command minimum displacement, port control pressure to port X1 and drain port X2. To command maximum displacement, port control pressure to port X2 and drain port X1.

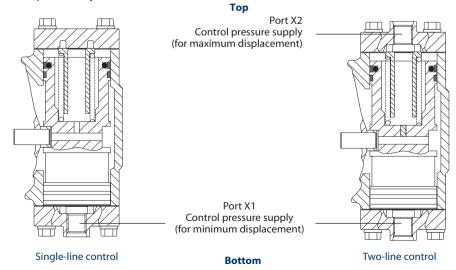
The two-line control generally uses a customer supplied 2-position, 4-way control valve. Hydraulic pressure on the control piston must not exceed 27.6 bar (400 psi).

Orifices in either (or both) the control valve supply and drain lines optimize the shift rate for either the single or two-line control. Contact your Sauer-Danfoss representative for additional information.

Input specifications bar [psi]

	Single line control	Two line control
Max. pressure on control	27.6 [400]	27.6 [400]
Min. pressure to shift	13.8 [200]	13.8 [200]
Control valve (customer supplied)	2-position / 3 way	2-position / 4-way

M46 2-position hydraulic controls



P100459E



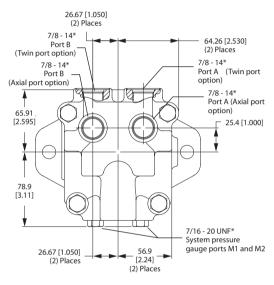
Installation drawings

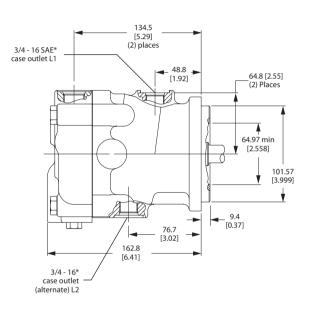
M25 MF: AXIAL PORTS, TWIN PORTS, LOOP FLUSHING, SPEED SENSOR

Flow direction

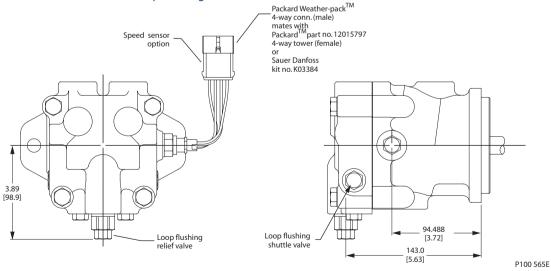
Motor shaft rotation	Port A	Port B
Clockwise (CW)	In	Out
Counterclockwise (CCW)	Out	In

Axial or twin ports





With loop flushing



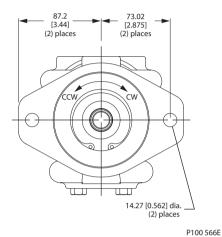
Dimensions in mm [in]

^{*}All ports are SAE straight thread o-ring ports per SAE J514, unless otherwise specified. Shaft rotation is determined by viewing motor from output shaft end. Contact SAUER-DANFOSS Application Engineering for specific installation drawings.

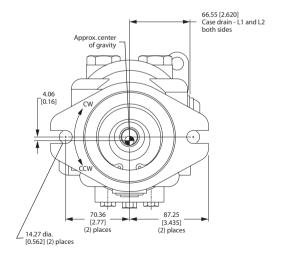


Installation drawings

M25 MF: MOUNTING FLANGE



M35/M44 MF: MOUNTING **FLANGE**



P100 569E

Dimensions in mm [in]

^{*}All ports are SAE straight thread o-ring ports per SAE J514, unless otherwise specified. Shaft rotation is determined by viewing motor from output shaft end. Contact SAUER-DANFOSS Application Engineering for specific installation drawings.



Series 40 Axial Piston Motors

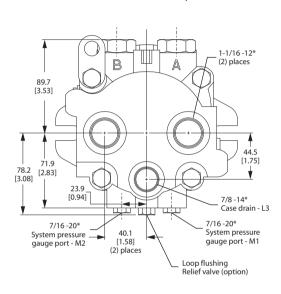
Installation drawings

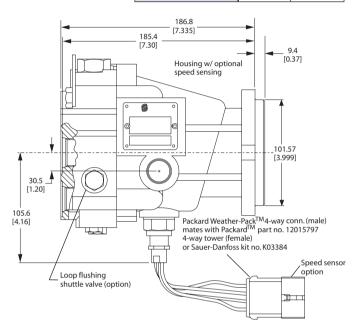
M35/M44 MF: AXIAL **PORTS, TWIN PORTS, LOOP FLUSHING, SPEED SENSOR**

Flow direction

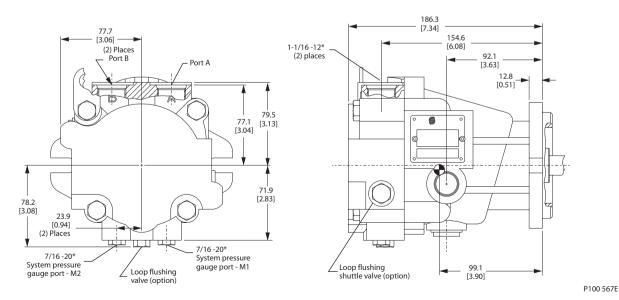
Motor shaft rotation	Port A	Port B
Clockwise	In	Out
Counterclockwise	Out	In

Axial ports





Twin ports



^{*}All ports are SAE straight thread o-ring ports per SAE J514, unless otherwise specified. Shaft rotation is determined by viewing motor from output shaft end. Contact SAUER-DANFOSS Application Engineering for specific installation drawings.

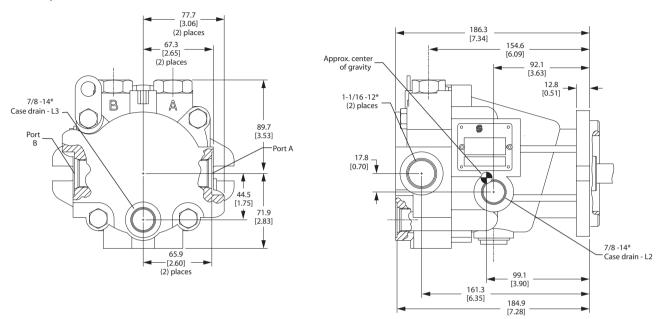
Dimensions in mm [in]



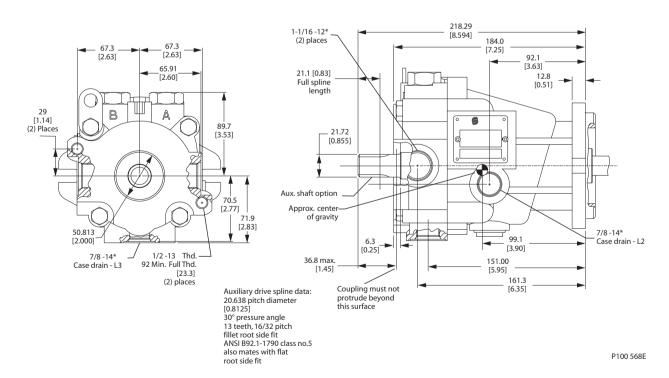
Installation drawings

M35/M44 MF: SIDE PORTS, THROUGH SHAFT

Side ports



Side ports with thru shaft



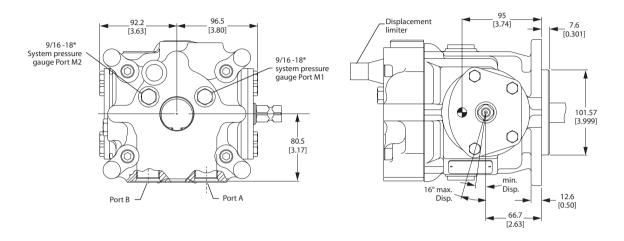
^{*}All ports are SAE straight thread o-ring ports per SAE J514, unless otherwise specified. Shaft rotation is determined by viewing motor from output shaft end. Contact SAUER-DANFOSS Application Engineering for specific installation drawings.

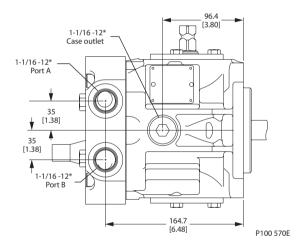
Dimensions in mm [in]



Installation drawings

M35/M44 MV:TWIN **PORTS**



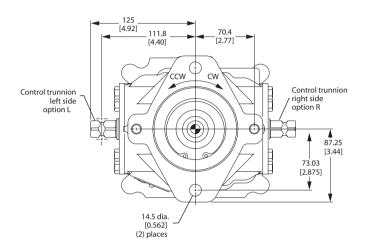


^{*}All ports are SAE straight thread o-ring ports per SAE J514, unless otherwise specified. Shaft rotation is determined by viewing motor from output shaft end. Contact SAUER-DANFOSS Application Engineering for specific installation drawings.

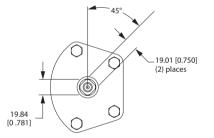


Installation drawings

M35/M44 MV: **MOUNTING FLANGE, TRUNNION CONTROL**



Trunnion control



P100 571E

^{*}All ports are SAE straight thread o-ring ports per SAE J514, unless otherwise specified. Shaft rotation is determined by viewing motor from output shaft end. Contact SAUER-DANFOSS Application Engineering for specific installation drawings.



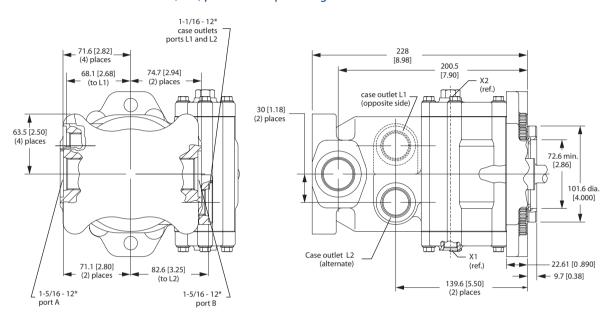
Installation drawings

M46 MV: SIDE PORTS, **LOOP FLUSHING**

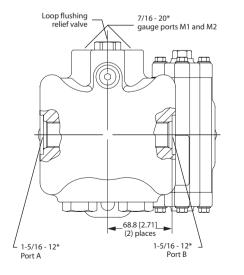
Flow direction

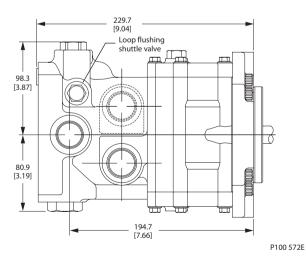
Motor shaft direction	Port A	Port B
Clockwise (CW)	Out	In
Counterclockwise (CCW)	In	Out

Radial (side) ports w/o loop flushing



Radial (side) ports w/loop flushing





Dimensions in mm [in]

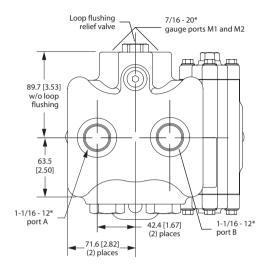
^{*}All ports are SAE straight thread o-ring ports per SAE J514, unless otherwise specified. Shaft rotation is determined by viewing motor from output shaft end. Contact SAUER-DANFOSS Application Engineering for specific installation drawings.

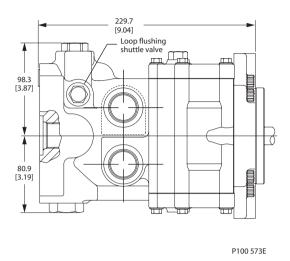


Installation drawings

M46 MV: AXIAL PORTS, LOOP FLUSHING

Axial ports w/loop flushing





^{*}All ports are SAE straight thread o-ring ports per SAE J514, unless otherwise specified. Shaft rotation is determined by viewing motor from output shaft end.

Contact SAUER-DANFOSS Application Engineering for specific installation drawings.

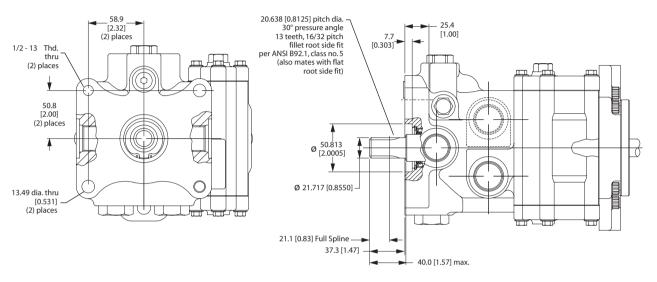


Installation drawings

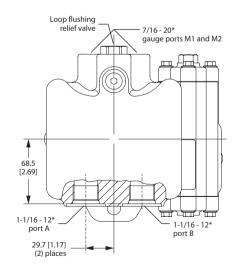
M46 MV: SIDE PORTS, THRU SHAFT TWIN PORTS, LOOP FLUSHING

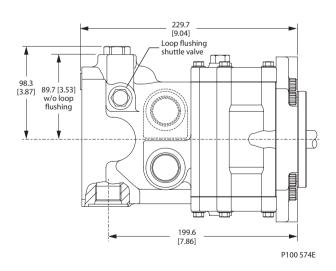
Side ports w/thru shaft

Radial (side) ported w/loop flushing w/thru shaft



Radial (twin) ports w/loop flushing





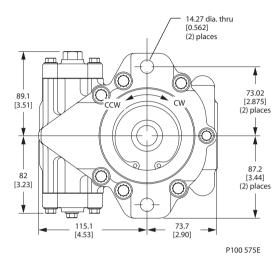
^{*}All ports are SAE straight thread o-ring ports per SAE J514, unless otherwise specified. Shaft rotation is determined by viewing motor from output shaft end. Contact SAUER-DANFOSS Application Engineering for specific installation drawings.

Dimensions in mm [in]



Installation drawings

M46 MV: MOUNTING FLANGE



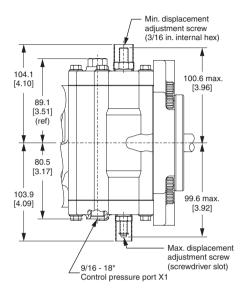
^{*}All ports are SAE straight thread o-ring ports per SAE J514, unless otherwise specified. Shaft rotation is determined by viewing motor from output shaft end. Contact SAUER-DANFOSS Application Engineering for specific installation drawings.

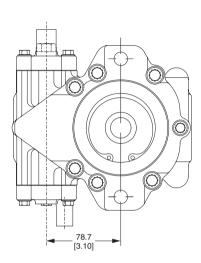


Installation drawings

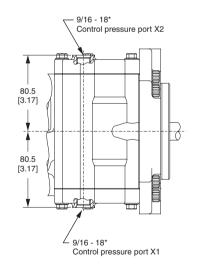
M46 MV: CONTROL PORTS

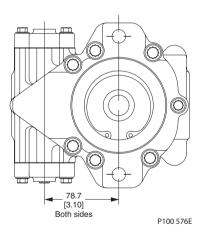
Control w/ bottom pressure supply port and externally adjustable displacement limiters





Control w/top and bottom pressure supply ports



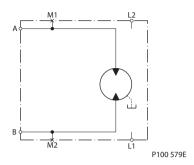


^{*}All ports are SAE straight thread o-ring ports per SAE J514, unless otherwise specified. Shaft rotation is determined by viewing motor from output shaft end.

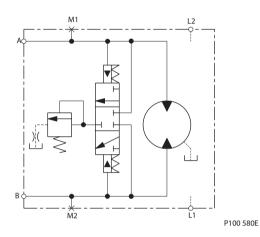
Contact SAUER-DANFOSS Application Engineering for specific installation drawings.



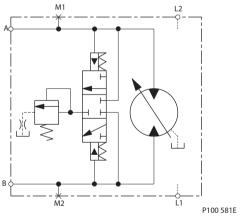
M25/M35/M44
FIXED MOTOR
SCHEMATICS
(NO LOOP FLUSHING)



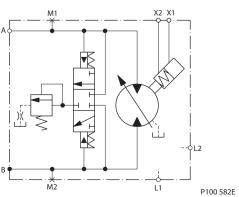
M25/M35/M44 FIXED MOTOR SCHEMATICS



M35/M44 VARIABLE MOTOR SCHEMATICS



M46 VARIABLE MOTOR SCHEMATICS







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